

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE AND SUPPLIER

Product name:	Matrix C Hi Mineral
Product code:	A010131
Recommended use:	For the treatment and control of internal parasites in cattle, including those with single or dual resistance to Avermectin/Milbemycin, Benzimidazole or Levamisole/Morantel families.
Company details:	Boehringer Ingelheim Animal Health New Zealand Limited
Address:	Level 3, Boehringer Ingelheim Building 2 Osterley Way Manukau City Auckland 2104 New Zealand
Telephone number:	Phone: +64 9 980 1600 Fax: +64 9 980 1601
Emergency telephone number:	Boehringer Ingelheim Freephone: 0800 800 822 National Poisons Centre : 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) Fire Service, Ambulance : Dial 111
Date of issue:	May 2008
Date of review:	20 June 2018

SECTION 2: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical characterization: Liquid

Product components:

<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS</u>	<u>Proportion</u>
Abamectin	71751-41-2	4 g/L
Levamisole HCl	16595-80-5	160 g/L
Oxfendazole	53716-50-0	90.8 g/L
Sodium selenate	13410-01-0	4.8 g/L
Disodium cobalt EDTA	15137-09-4	58.7 g/L
Other		to 1 L

SECTION 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard classifications:	6.1D, 6.4A, 6.5B, 6.6B, 6.8B, 6.8C, 6.9A, 9.1A, 9.2C, 9.3C , 9.4A
Priority and secondary identifiers:	WARNING KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING Dangerous to the environmen
Risk and safety phrases:	6.1D May be harmful if swallowed. Wash hands and exposed skin before meals and after use. 6.4A May cause eye irritation. Avoid contact with the eyes. 6.5B Repeated exposure may cause skin allergy. Avoid skin contact. 6.6B Levamisole HCl possibly may cause damage to genetic material. Handle with care. 6.8B Abamectin and Oxfendazole may affect development and/or reproduction. Handle with care. 6.8C Abamectin may have effects on or via lactation. Handle with care. 6.9A Oxfendazole (liver and alimentary system) and Levamisole HCl (blood and haematopoietic system) may cause organ damage. Handle with care. 9.1A Very toxic to aquatic organisms. Avoid contamination of any water supply with product or empty container. 9.2C Harmful to the soil environment. Avoid release to the

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environment.
9.3C Harmful to terrestrial vertebrates. Avoid release to the environment.
9.4A Very toxic to terrestrial invertebrates. Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Necessary first aid measures:

For advice, contact the National Poisons Centre on 0800 POISON (0800 764 766), or a doctor immediately.

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical attention. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Eyes: If splashed in eyes, wash out immediately with water.

Skin: If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air.

Workplace facilities:

No special facilities required.

Required instructions:

Observe good work practices and avoid skin contact. Wash hands and exposed skin before meals and after use. Do not eat or drink while using. Launder protective clothing separately from other clothing, and before each reuse.

Notes for medical personnel:

Apply symptomatic therapy (no specific antidote).

Note the nature of the product (possible mutagen, reproductive/developmental toxin and sensitiser).

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Type of hazard:

Non flammable, Non combustibile, Non explosive

Fire hazard properties:

Matrix C Hi Mineral is not classified as flammable, and will not support combustion. Hazardous fumes when heated to decomposition.

Regulatory requirements:

Not applicable

Extinguishing media and methods:

Treat the fire as for the other materials present.

Hazchem code:

2X

Recommended protective clothing:

When fighting a major fire wear full protective clothing including breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency procedures:

Wear suitable protective clothing. Restrict access to contaminated area. Contain the spill and prevent further dispersion. Retrieve intact containers from site. Place damaged containers into containment devices. Absorb spills with inert material and place in waste containers. Wash the area with water and absorb with further inert material. Collect spilled material and place in sealable containers for subsequent disposal. Avoid contamination of water courses or sewers. Dispose of waste safely.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling:

Apply with well-maintained and calibrated equipment. Handle with care.

Regulatory requirements:

N/A

Handling practices:

N/A

Approved handlers:

Not required

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Conditions for safe storage:	Store in a cool place below 25 °C with top secured. Keep out of reach of children.
Store site requirements:	This substance is subject to a requirement for an emergency management plan and secondary containment, whenever it is held in quantities of 100 L or more. See Hazardous Substances (Emergency management) regulations 25 to 42.
Packaging:	Packaging Schedule 3 (UN Packing Group III) for quantities >1 L (Hazardous Substances Packaging Regulations 2001).

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Workplace exposure standards:	Selenium compounds, as Se TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ Cobalt metal dust and fume, as Co TWA 0.05 mg/m ³ Dusts 10 mg/m ³
Application in the workplace:	Prevent exposure by using engineering controls, personal protective equipment and work practices that prevent skin contact.
Exposure standards outside the workplace:	TELS and EELs are not set at this time.
Engineering controls:	Ensure that ventilation maintains dust levels below WES.
Personal protection:	Clothing should consist of overalls with long sleeves and impervious gloves.
References:	N/A

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Specify product data:	<u>Formulation type:</u> Suspension <u>Appearance:</u> Pink liquid <u>Specific gravity:</u> ~1.0-1.12 g/mL <u>Boiling Point:</u> ca. 100 °C <u>Vapour Pressure:</u> NA <u>pH:</u> ~4 <u>Solubility in Water:</u> Insoluble
Required specifications:	N/A
Further specifications:	N/A
Specific advice:	N/A

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability of the substance:	Stable under normal conditions of use and storage.
Conditions to avoid:	No specific conditions to avoid.
Material to avoid:	No specific materials to avoid.
Hazardous decomposition products:	No hazardous products are expected, except when heated to decomposition.
Hazardous polymerization:	Components are not expected to form hazardous polymers.
Specific data:	N/A

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Data and interpretation:	May be harmful if swallowed. May cause eye irritation. Repeated exposure may cause skin allergy. Levamisole HCl possibly may cause damage to genetic material. Abamectin and Oxfendazole may affect development and/or reproduction. Abamectin may have effects on or via lactation. Oxfendazole (liver and alimentary system) and Levamisole HCl (blood and haematopoietic system) possibly may cause organ damage.
Summaries data:	<u>Abamectin</u>

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Abamectin is an acute oral toxin [LD₅₀ (oral) 8.7-12.8 mg/kg]. Ingestion of a single large dose of abamectin by humans (~100 mg/kg) was associated with coma, hypotension and respiratory failure. Clinical signs in repeated-dose laboratory animal studies included ataxia, tremor, mydriasis, emesis, pupil dilation and coma. High doses produced respiratory failure and deaths. The critical adverse effects in multigenerational reproductive studies were mortality and reduced weight gain of pups in early lactation (NOAEL 0.12 mg/kg/d).

Levamisole HCl

Levamisole is a broad spectrum anthelmintic with a long history of use in cattle and sheep. It has moderate to high acute toxicity [LD₅₀ (oral, rats & mice) = 200-500 mg/kg]. A potential mutagen [levamisole induced chromosome gaps and breaks in human lymphocytes in vitro and in vivo and levamisole hydrochloride induced an increase in the mitotic index, numerical chromosomal changes (aneuploidy, polyploidy) and structural chromosomal changes]. Haemolytic anaemic was the main toxic effect demonstrated in repeated dose animal studies (LOAEL 1.25 mg/kg/day). In humans, levamisole has been associated with various non-specific effects (nausea, vomiting, rashes). Levamisole has induced leucopenia and agranulocytosis (idiosyncratic) at low doses.

Oxfendazole

Oxfendazole has low acute oral toxicity [LD₅₀ (oral) > 6400 mg/kg]. In repeated oral dose studies hepatocellular lipid vacuolation was identified as an early toxic effect (lowest NOEL was 0.7 mg/kg/day). Teratogenicity and foetal toxicity has been demonstrated in laboratory animal studies (lowest NOEL was 0.9 mg/kg/day).

Sodium selenate

Sodium selenate is acutely toxic [LD₅₀ (oral) 25 mg/kg]. Dusts are toxic if inhaled and irritant to eyes. Acute poisoning exhibits as dyspnea, spasms and death from respiratory failure. Selenium poisoning in humans has been described and gastrointestinal and neurological symptoms predominated. Potential mutagen. Repeated dose testing in laboratory species identified a lowest NOAEL of 0.37 mg/kg/day (liver toxicity).

Disodium cobalt EDTA

Cobalt and cobalt compounds are possible carcinogens. In repeated dose studies, cobalt salts have been implicated in cardiac disease (oral doses, LOAEL 0.02 mg/kg/d) and cobalt metal dust caused pulmonary toxicity when inhaled (LOAEL 0.02 mg/L/d). Cobalt is a known skin and respiratory sensitiser. Cobalt metal fume and dust irritates the respiratory tract. Cobalt metal is irritant to eyes and skin. In a reproductive study in rats, cobalt was embryotoxic when fed at 0.05 mg/kg/d throughout the gestation (decreased foetal weight).

SECTION 12: ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

Potential environmental interactions:

Very toxic to aquatic organisms. Harmful to the soil environment. Harmful to terrestrial vertebrates. Very toxic to terrestrial invertebrates.

Data organisation :

Abamectin

Abamectin is a highly effective insecticide and acaricide produced by the soil microbe *Streptomyces avermitilis*. It acts by stimulating the release of gamma-aminobutyric acid, an inhibitory neurotransmitter, causing paralysis of the parasite. It is highly toxic to invertebrates in the aquatic, soil and terrestrial environments.

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Aquatic organisms: Abamectin is highly toxic to fish and extremely toxic to aquatic invertebrates [LC₅₀ Rainbow trout is 3.6 ppb (96hrs); EC₅₀ *Daphnia magna* 0.34 ppb (48hrs)]. Persistent: yes. Soil organisms: Dung beetle Terrestrial fate value 20-40. Abamectin is toxic to mammals [LD₅₀ (oral, rats) 8.7 mg/kg], but is less toxic to birds [LC₅₀ Bobwhite quail >2000 mg/kg]. Abamectin is highly toxic to bees [LD₅₀ (oral) 0.0094 µg/bee; LD₅₀ (contact) 0.002 µg/bee].

Levamisole HCl

Levamisole is potentially toxic to terrestrial vertebrates based on LD₅₀ data [LD₅₀ (oral, rats & mice) = 200-500 mg/kg]. Not toxic to fish or honey bees. Levamisole does not bioaccumulate in biological systems. In soil, levamisole has a half-life of five to seventy five days depending on sunlight, soil type and climatic conditions. Levamisole binds strongly to soil particles and organic matter. It does not leach in soils and is readily degraded by hydrolysis and microbial action.

Oxfendazole

Benzimidazoles are not toxic to birds or honey bees, but are moderately toxic to aquatic life [LC₅₀ *Daphnia magna* 0.52 mg/L (48hrs)]. The potential for bioaccumulation is low and benzimidazoles are degraded in soil and probably also in water.

Sodium selenate

Very toxic to fish [LC₅₀ (96hr, Flathead minnow) 690 µg/L], to crustacea [LC₅₀ (48hr, *Grammarus pseudolimnaeus*) 83 µg/L] and algae [EC₅₀ (96hr, green algae) 0.2 mg/L]. Toxic to plants [EC20 (22d) 0.1 mg/kg soil]. Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates based on an acute oral LD₅₀ (rats) of 25 mg/kg. Selenium is bioaccumulative and persists.

Disodium cobalt EDTA

Cobalt is toxic to fish and other aquatic life [LC₅₀ (96hr, Trout) 1.406 mg/L; EC₅₀ (48hr, *Daphnia magna*) 1.11 mg/L]. Not readily biodegradable, cobalt persists.

Environmental risk and safety phrases:

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Abamectin)

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal information :

Preferably dispose of the product by use. Otherwise dispose of product and packaging at an approved landfill or other approved facility. Burn empty container in an appropriate incinerator, if circumstances such as wind direction permit. Otherwise crush or puncture and bury in a suitable landfill. Do NOT use container for any other purpose.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Relevant information:

Dangerous Goods for transport.
ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Abamectin)
UN Number: 3082
Dangerous Goods Class: 9

Other requirements:

The maximum quantity per package of this substance allowed for carriage on public transport is 1 L.
For tank wagon and transportable containers there is a need to comply with Reg. 4-43 where applicable
N/A

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SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Regulatory status:

Registered pursuant to the ACVM Act 1997, No. A010131
See www.foodsafety.govt.nz for registration conditions

Approved pursuant to the HSNO Act, Approval Code HSR007799
See www.epa.govt.nz for approval conditions

HSNO and ACVM controls:

SDS is required for quantities greater than or equal to 0.1 L
Refer to Section 3

List exposure limits:

None set

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information:

For product information visit the Boehringer Ingelheim website
www.boehringer-ingelheim.co.nz

While the information set forth is believed to be accurate as of the date hereof, BOEHRINGER INGELHEIM makes no warranty with respect hereto and disclaims all liability from reliance thereon.